



Open Loop Hall Current Sensor CYHCS-N/NR

This Hall Effect current sensor is based on open loop compensating principle and designed with a high galvanic isolation between primary and secondary circuits. It can be used for measurement of DC and AC current, pulse currents etc. The output of the transducer reflects the real wave of the current carrying conductor.

Product Characteristics	Applications
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Excellent accuracy • Very good linearity • Light in weight • Less power consumption • Window structure • Electrically isolating the output of the transducer from the current carrying conductor • No insertion loss • Current overload capability 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Photovoltaic equipment • Frequency conversion timing equipments • Various power supply • Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) • Electric welding machines • Transformer substation • Numerical controlled machine tools • Electric powered locomotive • Microcomputer monitoring • Electric power network monitoring

Electrical Data

Primary Nominal RMS Current I_r (A)	Measuring Range (A)	Output voltage (V)	Aperture measures (mm)	Part number
100	± 300	4 +1.0%	20.5x15.5	CYHCS-N/NR-100A
200	± 600			CYHCS-N/NR-200A
300	± 900			CYHCS-N/NR-300A
400	±1000			CYHCS-N/NR-400A
500	±1000			CYHCS-N/NR-500A
600	±1000			CYHCS-N/NR-600A

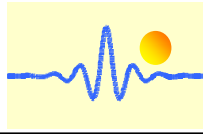
Supply Voltage
Current Consumption
Galvanic isolation, 50/60Hz, 1min:
Isolation resistance @ 500 VDC

$V_{cc} = \pm 15V \pm 5\%$,
 $I_c < 12mA$
2.5kV
> 500 MΩ

Accuracy and Dynamic performance data

Accuracy at I_r , $T_A = 25^\circ C$ (without offset),
Linearity from 0 to I_r , $T_A = 25^\circ C$,
Electric Offset Voltage, $T_A = 25^\circ C$,
Magnetic Offset Voltage ($I_r \rightarrow 0$)
Thermal Drift of Offset Voltage,
Frequency bandwidth (- 3 dB):
Response Time at 90% of I_P ($f = 1k$ Hz)

$X < 1.0\%$
 $E_L < 1.0\%$ FS
 $V_{oe} < \pm 25mV$
 $V_{om} < \pm 25mV$
 $V_{ot} < \pm 0.5mV/^\circ C$
DC-50kHz
 $t_r < 3\mu s$



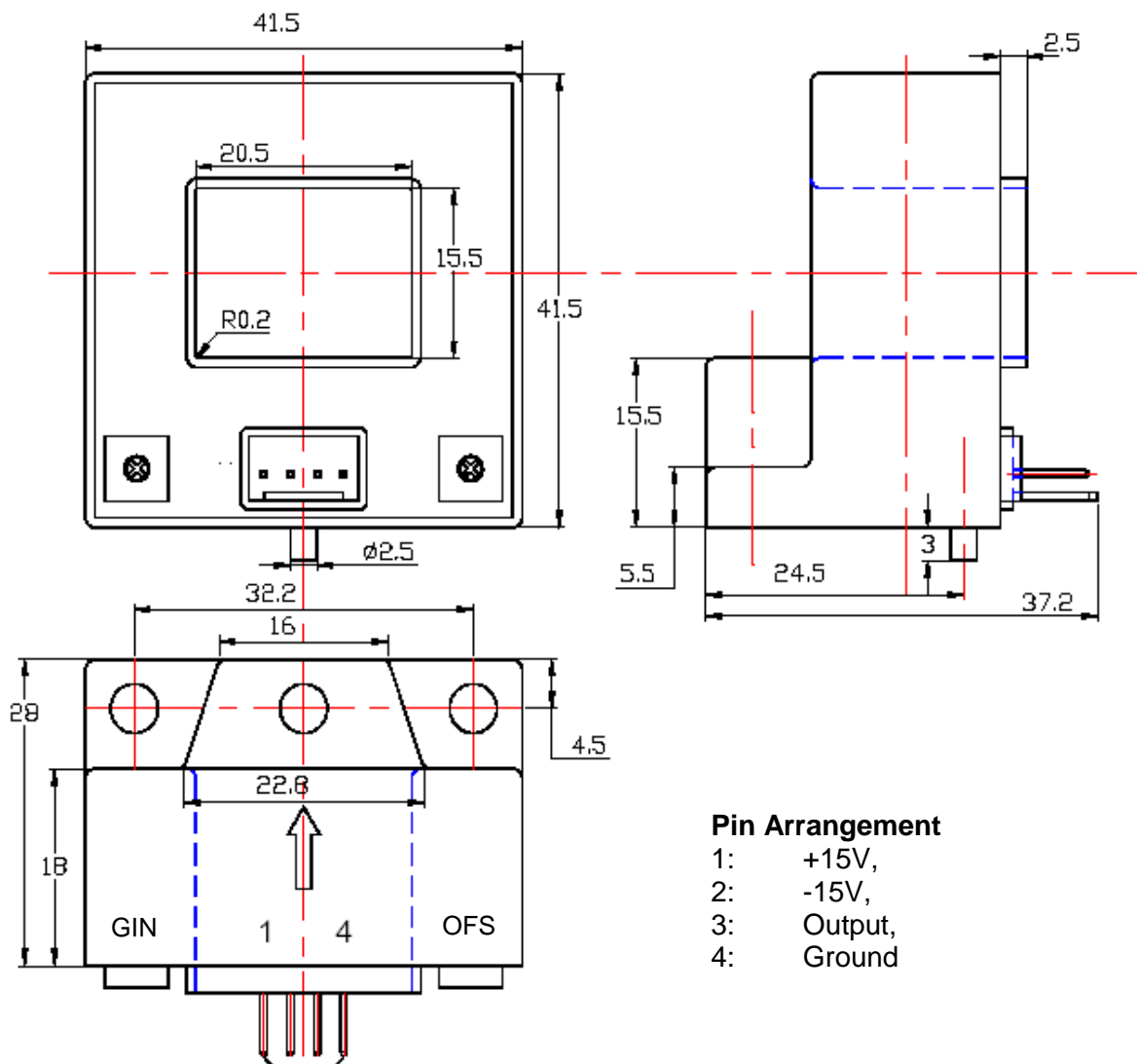
General Data

Ambient Operating Temperature,
Ambient Storage Temperature,

$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $T_S = -55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +125^{\circ}\text{C}$

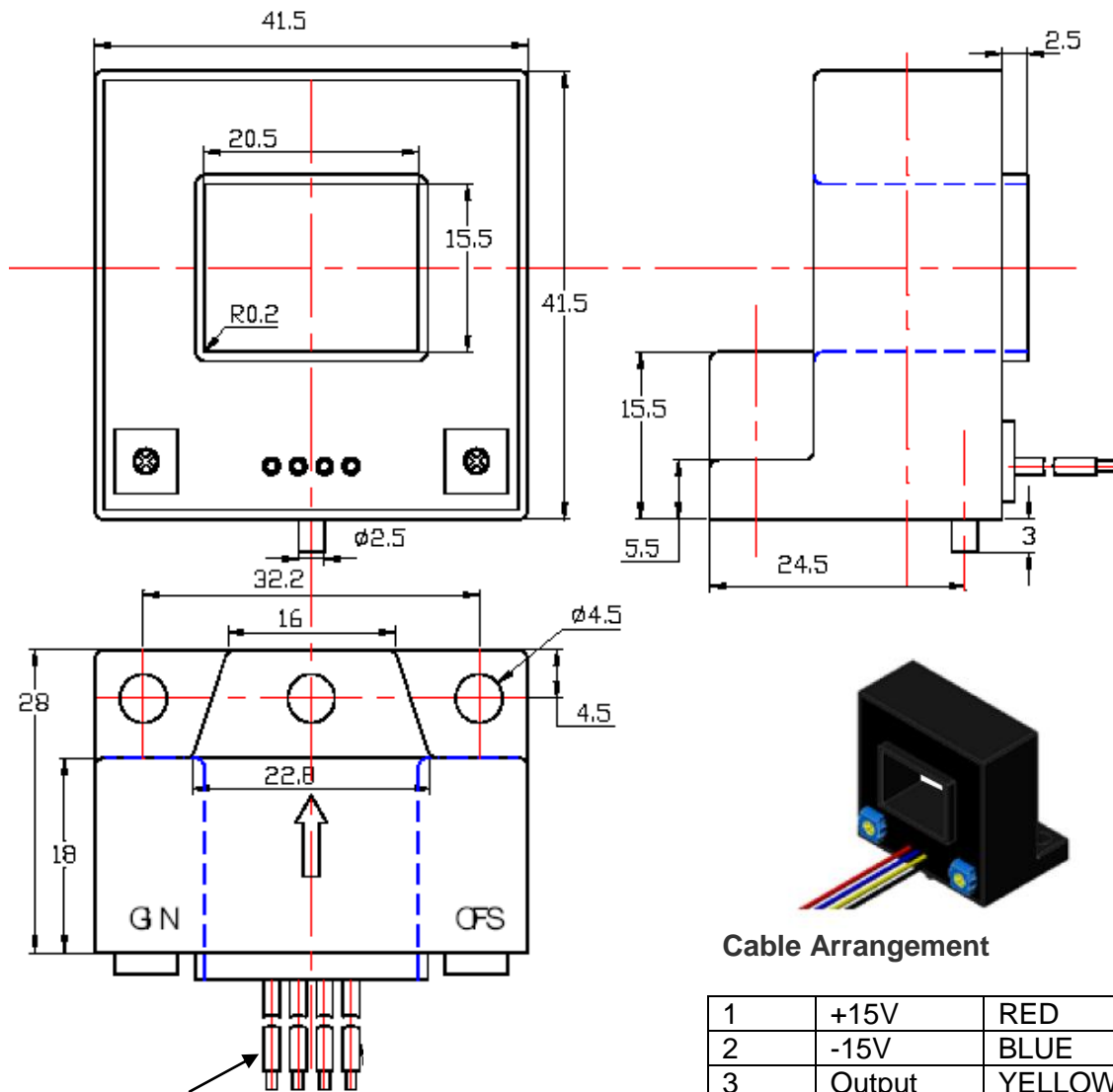
PIN Definition and Dimensions

With Molex Connector (part number CYHCS-N-xxxx)





With cable connection (part number CYHCS-NR-xxxx)



Cable Arrangement

1	+15V	RED
2	-15V	BLUE
3	Output	YELLOW
4	Ground	BLACK

Notes:

1. Connect the terminals of power source, outputs respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
2. Two potentiometers can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with bus-bar (current carrying conductor).
4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer