



## Split Core Hall Effect DC Current Sensor CYHCT-LY05E

The sensor CYHCT-LY05E is a Split Core Hall Effect Sensor for the measurement of DC current. The sensor has a galvanic isolation between the high power primary and the secondary electronic circuits with voltage output.

Features and Advantages	Applications
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DC current measurement</li> <li>• Output signal option (4-20mA, 0-5V, <math>\pm 5V</math>)</li> <li>• High isolation between primary and secondary circuits</li> <li>• No insertion losses</li> <li>• Split Core, easy installation</li> <li>• Temperature compensation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Battery banks, such as, monitoring load current and charge current, verifying operation</li> <li>• Transportation, measuring traction power or auxiliary loads</li> <li>• Phase fired controlled heaters</li> <li>• Directly connect to PLC</li> <li>• Sense motor stalls and short circuits</li> <li>• Industrial instrumentation</li> </ul>

### Specifications

Rated input current (DC current calibration)	800A	900A	1000A	1500A
Linear measuring range	0~ $\pm 960A$	0~ $\pm 1080A$	0~ $\pm 1200A$	0~ $\pm 1800A$
Overload current capability	20 times of rated input current, 5sec			
Output signals	$\pm 5VDC$ , 0-5VDC, 4-20mADC			
Power supply (voltage Ripple)	+12V DC, +24V DC, $\pm 12V DC$ , $\pm 15V DC$ (5%)			
Measuring accuracy	$\pm 1.0\%$			
Linearity (10% - 100%), 25°C	$\leq \pm 1.0\% FS$			
Zero offset voltage	$\pm 50mV$			
Thermal drift of offset voltage	$\leq \pm 0.025\%/^{\circ}C$			
Galvanic isolation	6 kV DC, 50Hz, 1min			
Isolation resistance	$\geq 100M\Omega$			
Response time	$\leq 3\mu s$ for tracing output, $\leq 100ms$ DC voltage output, $\leq 150ms$ DC current output,			
di/dt following accuracy	50A/ $\mu s$			
Static current consumption	$\leq 50mA$			
Output load	Voltage output : $\geq 2k\Omega$ , Current output: $\leq 250\Omega$			
Case style and Window size	LY05E , 82 x 22 mm			
Operating temperature	$-25^{\circ}C \sim +70^{\circ}C$			
Storage temperature	$-45^{\circ}C \sim + 85^{\circ}C$			
Relative humidity	$\leq 90\%$			
MTBF	$> 50000h$			
Unit weight	-			

### Definition of Part number:

CYHCT	-	LY05E	-	M	-	x	n
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(1)                      (2)                      (3)                      (4) (5)



(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Series name	Case style	Rated Input current (M=U/B m)	Output signal	Power supply
CYHCT	LY05E	m = 800A, 900A, 1000A, 1500A	x=1: tracing voltage $\pm 5V$ DC x=3: 0-5V DC x=5: 4-20mA DC	n=2: +12V DC n=4: +24V DC n=5: $\pm 12V$ DC n=6: $\pm 15V$ DC

U: unidirectional;

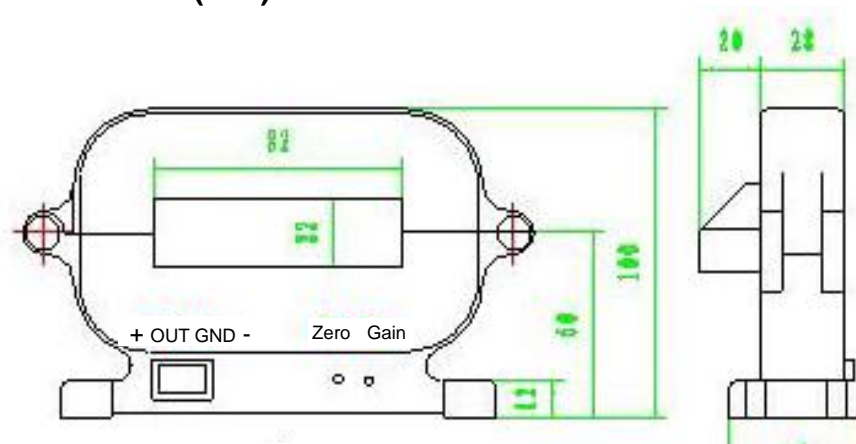
B: bidirectional

**Example 1:** CYHCT-LY05E-B1000A -15, Hall Effect DC Current sensor with  
Output signal: tracing voltage  $\pm 5V$  DC  
Power supply:  $\pm 12V$  DC  
Rated input current:  $\pm 1000A$  DC

**Example 2:** CYHCT-LY05E-B1000A -14, Hall Effect DC Current sensor with  
Output signal: tracing voltage  $\pm 5V$  DC  
Power supply: +24V DC  
Rated input current:  $\pm 1000A$  DC

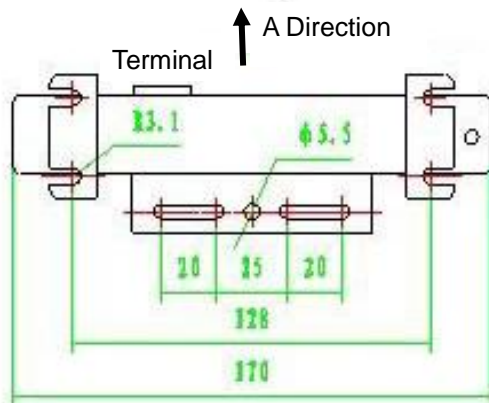
**Example 3:** CYHCT-LY05E-U1000A -54, Hall Effect DC Current sensor with  
Output signal: 4-20mA DC  
Power supply: +24V DC  
Rated input current: 0-1000A DC

### DIMENSIONS (mm)



Pin Arrangement:

+: V+  
-: V- (or GND)  
OUT: Output  
GND: Ground





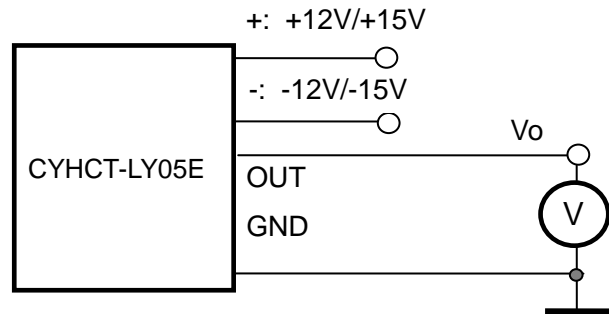
## CONNECTIONS

The current carrying cable must pass through the window. The phase of output is the same as that of the current passing the window in the direction of the arrow indicated on the case.

### a) Wiring of Sensors Using Double Power Supplies

#### Voltage Output

+: +15V/+12V  
 OUT: Output  
 GND: Ground  
 -: -15V/-12V

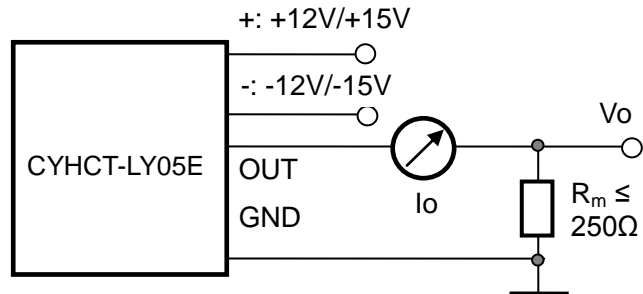


Relation between Input and Output:

Sensor CYHCT-LY05E-B1000A-15	
Input current ( A )	Output voltage ( V )
-1000	-5
-500	-2.5
0	0
500	2.5
1000	5

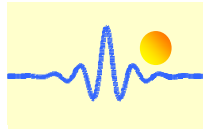
#### Current Output

+: +12V/+15V  
 OUT: Output  
 GND: Ground  
 -: -12V/-15V



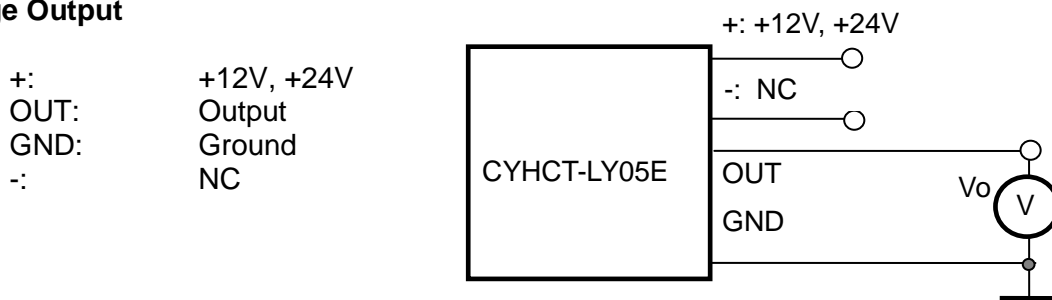
Relation between Input and Output (for  $R_m=250 \Omega$ ):

Sensor CYHCT-LY05E-U1000A-55		
Input current ( A )	Output current $I_o$ (mA, DC)	Output voltage $V_o$ ( V, DC )
0	4	1
250	8	2
500	12	3
750	16	4
1000	20	5



## B) Wiring of Sensors Using Single Power Supply

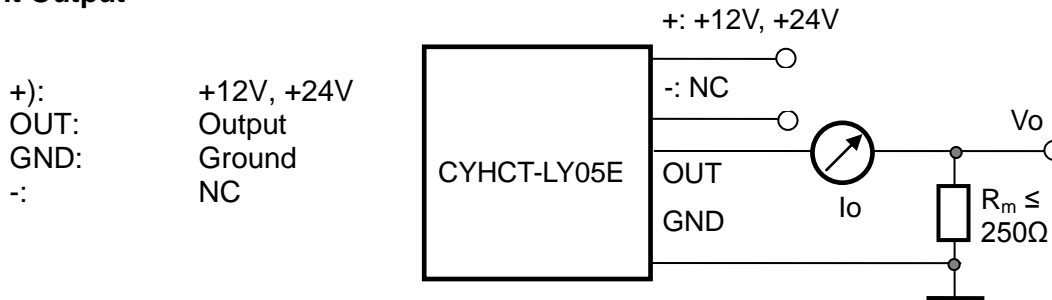
### Voltage Output



Relation between Input and Output:

Sensor CYHCT-LY05E-B1000A-14	
Input current (A)	Output voltage (V)
-1000	-5
-500	-2.5
0	0
500	2.5
1000	5

### Current Output



Relation between Input and Output (for  $R_m=250 \Omega$ ):

Sensor CYHCT-LY05E-U1000A-54		
Input current (A)	Output current $I_o$ (mA, DC)	Output voltage $V_o$ (V, DC)
0	4	1
250	8	2
500	12	3
750	16	4
1000	20	5

### Notes:

1. Connect the terminals of power source, outputs respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
2. Two potentiometers can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with bus-bar (current carrying conductor).
4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer case.